



Ferroguna

Balanced and **optimal** solution against **iron** deficiency







WHY Ferroguna

Iron deficiency is the most common mineral deficiency in the human species. It mainly affects women, particularly **20 to 30% of fertile female population**.

Children, teenagers and the elderly are also at high risk of deficiency.

DEMOGRAPHIC FACTORS:	DIETARY FACTORS:
Women	Reduced intake of food
Children and teenagersElderly peolple	rich in iron and Vitamin C • Abuse of tea and coffee
	PISK • Foods with low iron bioavailability
	Well -
	HIGH
RISK	RISK
	POSING CONDITIONS:
	y menstrual bleeding nancy and breastfeeding
• Deve • Ageir	elopmental age na
• Inten	nse sports activity
	ression
• Gast	rointestinal diseases
• Arthi	ritic conditions



WHY Ferroguna

The daily Nutrient Reference Values (NRV) of iron should be taken in a highly absorbable form for the body (ferrous form, Fe⁺). Iron NRV can vary according to age and physiological conditions, ranging from 5 mg/day in early childhood up to 14 mg/day in adulthood, until reaching 27 mg/day during pregnancy. ¹⁻²

Due the presence of one or more risk factors, as a result of increased loss or increased need, the **daily intake** and **absorption of iron** may be insufficient, creating **organic deficit** conditions which may result in:

ANEMIA

SENSE OF EXHAUSTION

CHRONIC FATIGUE

REDUCED CONCENTRATION

HEADACHE

INSOMNIA

PALE SKIN

MUSCLE DISORDERS

APPEARANCE OF SMALL ULCERS IN THE CORNERS

OF THE MOUTH

BURNING SENSATION IN THE TONGUE AND ALTERED TASTE

FRAIL HAIR AND NAILS





Efficacy and tolerability of **Ferro**guna *versus* **iron sulfate** in the treatment of iron deficiency anemia in pregnancy: non-inferiority controlled clinical trial.

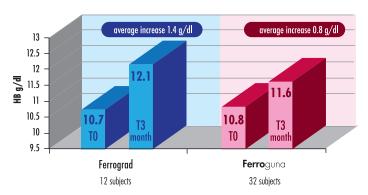
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Giornale Italiano di Ostetricia e Ginecologia Vol. XXXIV — n. 6 (Italian Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology) November-December 2012 This multicenter, open, randomized, controlled parallel-group clinical trial was conducted in Italy on 49 patients aged over 18 years, pregnant over week 12, enrolled according to well-defined criteria, treated for 12 consecutive weeks with 525 mg/day of iron sulfate heptahydrate (Ferrograd®) or with 2 sachets/day of Ferroguna and monitored with monthly evaluation of the hematochemical and biophysical parameters, in order to demonstrate the non-inferiority of Ferroguna compared to Ferrograd®.

Primary outcome:

Increase of Hb (haemoglobin) in the blood of at least 0.5 g/dl during the treatment period TO-T3 months. Ferroguna **increases the concentration of Hb** in the blood in a clinically relevant manner, that is > 0.5 g/dl (average 0.8 g/dl after 3 months) and statistically significant manner (p-value < 0.05) in the period TO-T3 months:

AVERAGE HB AT SCREENING AND AT 3^{RD} MONTH OF TREATMENT In both groups the increase is clinically relevant (over 0.5 g/dl)



Secondary outcome:

1) Gradual Hb increase. Ferroguna leads to a **gradual increase** of the Hb values during the three months of treatment in a physiological manner:

AVERAGE HB AT SCREENING AND AT 1st, 2nd and 3rd MONTH OF TREATMENT



2) The opinion expressed by the subjects belonging to the group treated with **Ferro**guna about the overall perception of the product was very positive, with higher tolerability of **Ferro**guna compared to **Ferrograd**®, confirming the safety of the preparation.

Conclusions

This study shows the non-inferiority of the food supplement Ferroguna compared to the drug Ferrograd® in the treatment of iron deficiency anemia in pregnancy. The data also show a higher tolerability of Ferroguna and an increase of haematological values of ferritin and serum iron at the end of 3 months of treatment.

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Ferroguna

Innovative orodispersible food supplement



NUTRITION FACTS

	per 10	00 g	per sachet	%NRV* sachet
Energy	1155 276		20 kJ 5 kcal	
Fat of which saturates	0.23 0	g g	0 g 0 g	
Carbohydrate of which sugars	80.78 13.84	g g	1.37 g 0.24 g	
Protein	0.61	g	0.01 g	
Salt	0.02	g	0 g	
Iron	823.5	mg	14 mg	100
Copper	21.2	mg	0.36 mg	36
Vitamin C	1764.7	mg	30 mg	38
Baobab fruit pulp	38.2	g	650 mg	

*NRV: Nutrient Reference Values.

- Ferroguna promotes the production of haemoglobin and RED BLOOD CELLS FOR-MATION by providing 100% of the daily Iron needs in highly absorbable form because:
 - it is conveyed in an organic complex (iron fumarate)
 - it is in **orodispersible** form, that is immediately bioavailable to the body
- The bioavailability of Iron is further improved by the presence of Copper, Vitamin C and Baobab fruit pulp. These do not only improve iron absorption and its transport in the organism, but at the same time provide elements with antioxidant and protective properties.
- **Ferroguna** is an optimal iron supplementation in **pregnancy**, being fully compatible with specific daily Nutrient Reference Values¹.
- Ferroguna melts directly in the mouth without water and is rapidly absorbed. Its high palatability and tolerability do not induce any side effects in the gastrointestinal system.



THE INGREDIENTS OF Ferroguna

IRON FUMARATE

1 sachet of **Ferroguna** contains average **14 mg of iron Fumarate in ionic ferrous form** with a bioavailability of 30-35%, the highest one compared to other sources (bioavailability of 5-20%): 1 sachet of **Ferroguna** releases in the blood about **5 mg of iron** available for absorption, thus meeting the average daily needs of the organism.³⁻⁴

VITAMIN C (Ascorbic Acid)

1 sachet of **Ferroguna** provides a well-balanced amount of Vitamin C necessary for iron absorption and utilization. This vitamin is essential for hematopoiesis: it promotes the incorporation of iron into haemoglobin and its transport through transferrin. Research studies confirm that **iron absorption increases by 30**% when it is associated to Vitamin C.⁵

COPPER

It is an important cofactor for several enzymes involved in iron metabolism.

Its presence is required along with Vitamin C for an optimal iron absorption.⁶

BAOBAB dried fruit pulp (organic certification, free from GMO and allergens)

With the innovative pharmaceutical technology used to produce **Ferro**guna, the properties of Baobab are fully preserved. Research studies show that a daily intake of Baobab fruit pulp:⁷⁻⁸⁻⁹⁻¹⁰⁻¹¹⁻¹²

- Increases haemoglobin concentration
 - Improves the iron cellular store

Controlled study on 300 children aged between 6 and 8 years. 10

The high content of vitamins, minerals and trace elements of the Baobab fruit pulp helps **reducing anemia**, thus significantly increasing iron stores. In addition to this, Baobab fruit pulp has natural analysesic and anti-inflammatory properties¹¹, promotes good intestinal functionality and counteracts diarrhea.¹²



OPTIMAL SUPPORT IN CASES OF:

INCREASED IRON NEED

Pregnancy

Ferroguna formulation is fully compatible with Iron specific NRV (Nutrient Reference Values). A daily intake of 1 or 2 sachets is allowed, with no side effects.

- Post-partum period
- Breastfeeding
- Growth
- Ageing
- Sports activity

1 sachet daily meets daily iron needs.

REDUCED INTESTINAL ABSORPTION

- **Dietary deficiencies, intestinal disorders** that compromise iron absorption (especially celiac disease).
- Vegetarian or vegan diet.
- Increased blood loss due to heavy menstrual bleeding, or due to pathological conditions such as gastro-duodenal ulcer, gastro-intesintal disorders, etc.

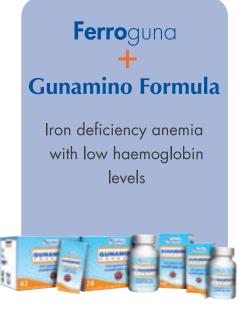
1 to 2 sachets of orodispersible granules daily, according to medical advice.

How to use-

Dissolve the content of one sachet directly in the mouth, without water.

Ferroguna can be taken uninterruptedly for long periods.

Ferroguna COMBINATIONS







Ferroguna optimal supplementation against iron deficiency also in pregnancy



INGREDIENTS

Sweetener: sorbitol (from corn); Baobab (*Adansonia digitata* L.) fruit pulp, ferrous fumarate, L-ascorbic acid (vitamin C), acidity regulator: citric acid; natural flavouring, stabiliser: gum arabic (acacia gum); anti-caking agent: silicon dioxide; sweetener: steviol glycosides; cupric citrate.

WARNINGS

Store the product in a cool and dry place and protect from light. The expiry date refers to a product correctly stored in its original and undamaged packaging. Do not exceed the stated recommended daily dose. Keep out of the reach of young children. Excessive consumption may produce laxative effects. Food supplements should not be used as a substitute for a varied diet and a healthy lifestyle.

PACKAGING

28 x 1.7 g sachets.

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